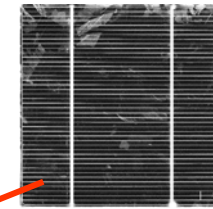
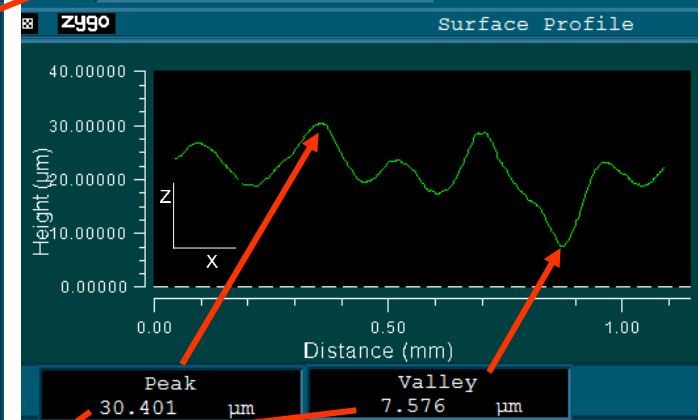
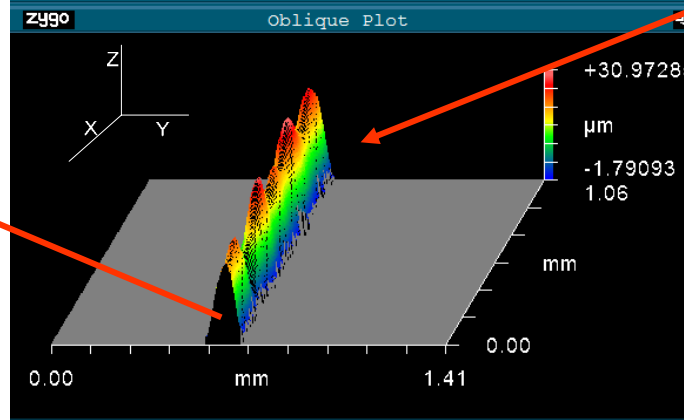
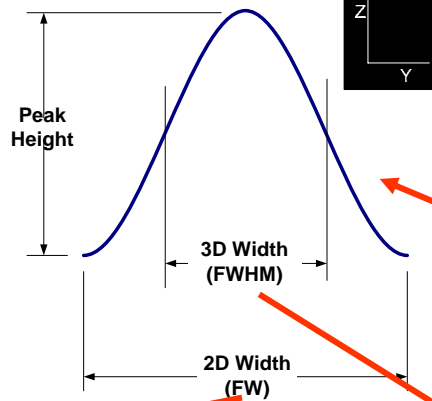


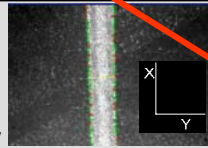
Photovoltaic Conductor Grid Characterization



zygo



2D line width (FW) affects photon efficiency

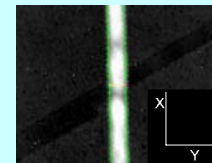


Typical line width...
Average FW = $165 \pm 10 \mu\text{m}$
Coverage of Ag = 1347 mm^2

Reducing width & variation reduces coverage...
Average FW = $155 \pm 5 \mu\text{m}$
Coverage of Ag = 1290 mm^2

Reduced coverage ~ 4%
Increase efficiency ~ 0.4%

3D line area (FWHM) affects power efficiency



$$R \propto \text{CSA} \cong \text{FWHM} \times \text{Height}$$

where R=Resistance & CSA=Cross Sectional Area

Typical CSA variation...
 $\text{CSA}_{\text{Max}} = 100 \mu\text{m} \times 30.4 \mu\text{m}$
 $\text{CSA}_{\text{Min}} = 100 \mu\text{m} \times 7.6 \mu\text{m}$

4X ΔCSA ⇒ 4X ΔR ⇒ 4X power loss for that finger

Affects cell efficiency, cell matching & finger hot spots

Annual savings via 3D control of Ag

Minimizing height variation reduces cost

